

$$45. \quad \frac{7}{2x+1} - \frac{8x}{2x-1} = -4$$

$$\frac{7(2x-1)}{(2x+1)(2x-1)} - \frac{8x(2x+1)}{(2x+1)(2x-1)} = \frac{-4(2x+1)(2x-1)}{(2x+1)(2x-1)}$$

$$\frac{14x-7}{\cancel{(2x+1)(2x-1)}} - \frac{16x^2+8x}{\cancel{(2x+1)(2x-1)}} = \frac{-8x-4}{\cancel{(2x+1)(2x-1)}}$$

$$14x-7 - 16x^2-8x = -16x^2+8x-8x+4$$

$$-16x^2+6x-7 = -16x^2+4$$

$$6x-7 = 4$$

$$\frac{6x}{6} = \frac{11}{6}$$

$$x = \frac{11}{6}$$

$$41. \quad \frac{1}{x-3} + \frac{1}{x+3} = \frac{10}{x^2-9}$$

$$\frac{x+3}{\cancel{(x+3)(x-3)}} + \frac{x-3}{\cancel{(x+3)(x-3)}} = \frac{10}{\cancel{(x+3)(x-3)}}$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{10}{2}$$

$$x = 5$$

R2.2

$$\text{prob 1. } \begin{array}{l} x \\ x+1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Sum} \\ x + x+1 \\ 2x+1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 2. \quad d=rt \\ \quad d=50t \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 5. \quad \% (\text{amount}) \\ \quad .2x \end{array}$$

$$9. \quad 1200 + 25x$$

$$13. \quad \begin{array}{ll} x & 31 \\ 5x & 185 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 5x - x = 148 \\ 4x = 148 \\ \frac{4x}{4} = \frac{148}{4} \\ x = 37 \end{array}$$

$$17. \quad \begin{array}{ll} \text{Coworker } x & x \\ \text{You } .15x + x & 1.15x \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} x + 1.15x = 645 \\ 2.15x = 645 \\ \frac{2.15x}{2.15} = \frac{645}{2.15} \\ x = 300 \end{array}$$

$\%$ Increase

$\%$ Decrease

$$\frac{\text{Big} - \text{Small}}{\text{Original}}$$

21. $\%$ Decrease

$$\frac{460,998,007 - 290,276,960}{460,998,007}$$

45. PR90

"Fast" 55 mph $d = 55t$
 "Slow" 40 mph $d = 40t$



$$55t - 40t = 5$$

$$\frac{15t}{15} = \frac{5}{15}$$

$$t = \frac{1}{3} \text{ hr} \quad 20 \text{ min}$$

$$51. \quad I = Prt$$

$$I_A = 12000 (.095) (1)$$

$$I_B = 8000 (r) (1)$$

$$12000 (.095) + 8000r = 2054.40$$

10.

Solve
for h

$$V = \frac{\pi r^2 h}{\pi r^2}$$

$$\frac{V}{\pi r^2} = h$$

